

# ASSESSMENT REVIEW BOARD

Churchill Building 10019 103 Avenue Edmonton AB T5J 0G9 Phone: (780) 496-5026

#### NOTICE OF DECISION NO. 0098 177/11

CVG 1200-10665 Jasper Avenue Edmonton, AB T5J 3S9 The City of Edmonton Assessment and Taxation Branch 600 Chancery Hall 3 Sir Winston Churchill Square Edmonton AB T5J 2C3

This is a decision of the Composite Assessment Review Board (CARB) from a hearing held on August 22, 2011, respecting a complaint for:

Roll	Municipal	Legal	Assessed Value	Assessment	Assessment
Number	Address	Description		Type	Notice for:
4314241	4 Hooper Crescent NW	Plan: 7722149 Block: 38 Lot: 9	\$10,846,500	Annual New	2011

#### **Before:**

Larry Loven, Presiding Officer Judy Shewchuk, Board Member Ron Funnell, Board Member

**Board Officer**: Nicole Hartman

# **Persons Appearing on behalf of Complainant:**

Peter Smith, CVG

## **Persons Appearing on behalf of Respondent:**

Amy Murphy, City of Edmonton – Observer Meghan Richardson, City of Edmonton, Assessor Steve Lutes, City of Edmonton, Law Branch

# **PRELIMINARY MATTERS**

Upon questioning by the Presiding Officer, the parties present indicated no objection to the composition of the Board. In addition, the Board members indicated no bias with respect to this file.

#### **BACKGROUND**

The subject property is a 106 suite apartment complex built in 1980 and located in northeast Edmonton. It contains 48 one bedroom suites, 48 two bedroom suites and 10 three bedroom suites.

# **ISSUE(S)**

Is the 2011 assessment of the subject property at \$10,846,500 fair and equitable?

# **LEGISLATION**

#### Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26

s 467(1) An assessment review board may, with respect to any matter referred to in section 460(5), make a change to an assessment roll or tax roll or decide that no change is required.

s 467(3) An assessment review board must not alter any assessment that is fair and equitable, taking into consideration

- a) the valuation and other standards set out in the regulations,
- b) the procedures set out in the regulations, and
- c) the assessments of similar property or businesses in the same municipality.

## POSITION OF THE COMPLAINANT

The Complainant submitted a 16-page evidence package (Exhibit C-1) with five sales comparables, #5 of which was a re-sale of #3. Based on his analysis of the data from his comparables the Complainant suggested that a gross income multiplier (GIM) of 9.5 and a capitalization rate (cap rate) of 7.0% be applied to the subject.

The Complainant conceded that the Respondent's 4% vacancy rate, potential gross income (PGI) of \$1,147,634, and typical expenses of \$3,600 per suite were appropriate.

First, the Complainant applied the 7.0% cap rate to the Respondent's calculation of net operating income of \$720,128 arriving at a value of \$10,288,000.

Secondly, applying the same cap rate of 7.0% to the actual net income of \$547,456 for 2010 (C-1, p. 11) results in a value of \$7,821,000.

Thirdly, applying the same cap rate of 7.0% to the actual net income of \$704,346 for 2009 (C-1, p. 11) results in a value of \$10,062,000.

Fourthly, the Complainant applied his GIM of 9.5 to the Respondent's effective PGI of \$1,101,728 to arrive at a value of \$10,466,000.

Finally, the Complainant requested that the Board place most weight on the capitalized value of the 2010 actual income and reduce the assessment to \$8,500,000.

#### POSITION OF THE RESPONDENT

The Respondent provided a 126 page 2011 Assessment Brief (Exhibit R–1) containing six sales comparables (R-1, p. 40). The brief included Network's information on the six comparables (R-1, p. 38) as well as Anderson Data Online information on the same six sales comparables (R-1, p. 39). Pages 38 - 40 of R-1 were reproduced and submitted as R-2.

The Respondent's information regarding its sales comparables included attributes regarding location, size, effective age built, condition, suite mix, GIM, cap rate and sale price. The time adjusted sale price per suite of the Respondent's comparables ranged from \$90,000 to \$145,000.

Also included in the Assessment Brief were thirty-two assessment equity comparables including the subject (R-1, p. 53)

The Respondent spoke to the City of Edmonton Income (SPSS) Detail report of the subject property (R-1, p. 25) which featured a Potential Gross Income of \$1,147,634, a vacancy allowance of 4% or \$45,905, and an effective potential gross income of \$1,101,728. Application of the Respondent's Gross Income Multiplier of 9.84506 produced a 2011 Assessment of \$10,846,500 or \$102,325 per suite.

The Respondent explained that the model uses actual sales information to arrive at typical values.

When reviewing the Complainant's favoured sales comparables #2, #3, #4, and #5 the Respondent pointed out that sales #3 and #4 were motivated sales and not indicative of market value.

The Respondent submitted that the Complainant's evidence was inconsistent and the sales comparables were not time adjusted.

# **DECISION**

The decision of the Board is to confirm the 2011 assessment at \$10,846,500.

## **REASONS FOR THE DECISION**

The vacancy rate of 4% for the subject party was accepted by both the Complainant and the Respondent.

The Board finds that the capitalization rate of 7.0%, with adjustments to the net operating income, deemed to be appropriate by the Complainant to support a market value lower than the assessment, was not supported by the sales comparables provided by the Respondent. The Board notes that the Complainant used the same sales comparables to determine the requested GIM.

The Board notes that the Complainant's GIMs were from a third party source and the Respondent's determined by their model, and finds that the Gross Income Multipliers (GIMs) for the sales comparables given by the Complainant were somewhat lower than those given by the Respondent. Furthermore, the Respondent provided the Network and Anderson data sheets for each of their sales comparables (R-1, pages 38-40; reproduced in R-2) to illustrate that there are discrepancies in their published GIM and cap rates even on the same sale. As a result, the Board placed little weight on one or the other and relied upon the Direct Comparison Approach using the time-adjusted sale price per suite, rather than value as determined by various effective gross income, cap rate and GIM factors.

The Board finds that a comparison of the characteristics of the Complainant's four sales comparables and the Respondent's six sales comparables, summarized in the following table, provides the Board with little evidence to support the requested reduction.

Variable	Complainant	Complainant Subject		Respondent	Respondent	
	Minimum	Maximum	(Assessed)	Minimum	Maximum	
Effective Age	1973	2002	1980	1964	2003	
% Suite Mix	(0;68;32;0)	(0;42;52;6)	(0;45;45;10)	(18;55;29;0)	(0;14;86;0)	
(B;1-B;2-B;3-B)						
# Suites	12	192	106	40	156	
# Stories	2.5	4	4	2.5	4	
SP/Suite	\$81,250 (non TA)	\$125,000 (non TA)	\$102,325	\$90,000 (TA)	\$145,000 (TA)	
GIM	9.04	11.60	9.8453	9.4	12.23	
Cap Rate (%)	6.46	7.42		5.60	7.09	

In its consideration of the above reasons, the Board finds the subject property to be fairly and equitably valued at \$102,325 per suite or \$10,846,500.

## DISSENTING OPINION AND REASONS

There	were no	o dissen	ting o	pinions.

Dated this 19 <sup>th</sup> day of September, 2011, at the City of Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta	Dated this	19 <sup>th</sup> day	of September	. 2011. at	the City of	f Edmonton	in the l	Province of	: Alberta
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Larry Loven, Presiding Officer

This decision may be appealed to the Court of Queen's Bench on a question of law or jurisdiction, pursuant to Section 470(1) of the Municipal Government Act, RSA 2000, c M-26.

cc: ANDROMEDA INVESTMENTS LTD.